ORDINANCE NO. 2022-505

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GUADALUPE, CALIFORNIA, REPEALING ORDINANCE NO. 2019-483 AND ADOPTING A NEW CHAPTER 8 OF TITLE 15 OF THE GUADALUPE MUNICIPAL CODE

WHEREAS, the State of California has recently adopted the 2022 California Fire Code, which will become effective January 1, 2023; and

WHEREAS, it is the desire and intent of the City Council of the City of Guadalupe to provide citizens with the greatest degree of fire, life, and structural safety in buildings in the most cost-effective manner by adopting that body of regulations referred to as the 2019 California Fire Code with amendments specific to the City of Guadalupe; and

WHEREAS, the California Health and Safety Code Section 17958.5 and Section 18941.5 require the City Council, before making any modifications or changes to the California Fire Code, to make an express finding that each such modification or change is needed; and

WHEREAS, California Health and Safety Code Section 17958.7 requires that such changes must be determined to be reasonably necessary because of local climatic, geological, or topographical conditions; and

WHEREAS, such findings must be made available as a public record, and a copy thereof with each such modification or change shall be filed with the State of California Building Standards Commission; and

WHEREAS, it is the intent of the City of Guadalupe to enact the 2022 California Fire Code with the amendments written below and shall become effective January 1, 2023:

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GUADALUPE, CALIFORNIA, DOES ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Findings: Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 17958.7, the City Council finds that the following conditions exist locally which require that amendments be made to the 2022 California Fire Code in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare:

A. Climatic Conditions

 Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo Counties are in an area of high fire risk, and the local area regularly experiences high wind conditions, high temperatures, and low humidity, These winds, which can cause small fires which spread quickly, are a contributing factor to the high fire danger in the area, which creates a potential for localized disasters which could reduce the availability of mutual aid firefighting resources;

- 2. The City of Guadalupe is located in a semi-arid Mediterranean-type climate which predisposes all fuels to rapid ignition and spread of fire. Therefore, there exists a need for additional fire protection measures.
- 3. The watershed upstream of the City experienced major wildland fire over the years which resulted in significant destruction of the vegetation and has created the potential for a dramatic increase in water flow through the Santa Maria River. The Santa Maria River Levee bordering the northern edge of the City terminates at the intersection of Highway 1, and from that point west, there is no protection for the City from flooding due to high flows in the Santa Maria River. This potential for significant flooding could place an extraordinary draw upon local emergency resources, and the need for additional requirements for fire protection as set forth in the amendments are necessary to supplement the capabilities of local emergency resources in a time of a flood emergency;

B. Geographic Conditions

- 1. The Guadalupe area is in close proximity to several active seismic faults, and amendments to the State Fire Code are necessary to supplement the capabilities of local emergency resources in a time of an area-wide earthquake;
- 2. The City has the potential for limited access to mutual aid resources. Access from the north is via one bridge over the Santa Maria River and from the south through several cuts in local mountains. In the event of an earthquake, flood, or other incidents, the availability of assistance from outside of the local area could be compromised. Amendments to the State Fire Code are necessary to ensure the City can meet the needs of the residents during these events.
- 3. The City of Guadalupe is located, at its westernmost part, approximately three and a half miles from the ocean. The city's typical ground water level is at fifty feet, with the areas of the city at levels as shallow as six to ten feet. This condition makes the City more prone to subsidence issues than most inland communities.
- 4. Soil formation within Guadalupe has been strongly influenced by the Santa Maria River floodplain. Soils underlying and surrounding the City are alluvial in nature consisting primarily of sandy loams and silty clay loams. This low coastal plain and valley bottom with alluvial deposits and areas with high groundwater make the City susceptible to ground liquefaction.

Section 2. Repeal of Current Fire Code. Ordinance 2019-483, adopting the 2019 California Fire Code, is hereby repealed in its entirety.

Section 3. Adoption of Fire Code. A new Chapter 8 of Title 15 of the Guadalupe Municipal Code is hereby adopted to read as follows:

15.08.010 Adoption. The California Fire Code, 2022 edition as published by the State of California, including appendix A through O, and subsequent editions as adopted by the State of California, are adopted by reference subject to the additions, deletions, and amendments set forth in this chapter.

15.08.020 2019 California Fire Code amendments.

CHAPTER 1 SCOPE AND ADMINISTRATION

101 SCOPE AND GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

101.1 Title. These regulations shall be known as the *Fire Code of the City of Guadalupe*, hereinafter referred to as "this code."

104 GENERAL AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

- **104.1.1** Peace Officer Powers. The Fire Chief, Fire Captains, Fire Inspectors, and other personnel as authorized by the Fire Chief, shall have the powers of police officers in performing duties under this code and shall have powers of peace officers as provided by California Penal Code Section 830.37 and shall have authority to issue citations.
- 104.12 Authority at Fires and Other Emergencies. The Fire Chief or designee in charge at the scene of a fire or other emergency involving the protection of life, environment, or property or any part thereof shall have the authority to direct such operation as necessary to extinguish or control any fire, perform any rescue operation, investigate the existence of suspected or reported fires, gas leaks or other hazardous conditions or situations, or take any other action necessary in the reasonable performance of duty. In the exercise of such power, the Fire Chief or designee is authorized to prohibit any person, vehicle, vessel or thing from approaching the scene and is authorized to remove, or cause to be removed or kept away from the scene, any person, vehicle, vessel or thing which could impede or interfere with the operations of the Fire Department and, in the judgment of the Fire Chief or designee, any person not actually and usefully employed in the extinguishing of such fire or in the preservation of the environment and property in the vicinity thereof.

108 INSPECTIONS

108.1 Inspection authority. The fire code official is authorized to enter and examine any building, structure, marine vessel, vehicle or premises in accordance with Section 104.3 of the California Fire Code for the purpose of enforcing this code.

111 BOARD OF APPEALS

111.1 Board of Appeals. In order to hear and decide appeals of orders, decisions or determinations made by the Fire Code Official relative to the application an interpretation of this code, there shall be and is hereby created a Board of Appeals. The Board of Appeals shall be appointed by the governing body and shall hold office at its pleasure. The Fire Code Official shall be an ex officio member of said

Board but shall have no vote on any matter before the Board. The Board shall adopt rules of procedure for conducting its business, and shall render all decisions and findings in writing to the appellant with a duplicate copy to the Fire Code Official.

- 111.1.1 Appeals Process. Whenever a Fire Inspector or other Fire Department member disapproves an application or refuses to grant a permit applied for, or when it is claimed that the provisions of this code do not apply or that the true intent and meaning of this code have been misconstrued or wrongly interpreted, the applicant may appeal the decision of the Fire Inspector or other Fire Department member to the Fire Chief IN WRITING within 15 calendar days from the date of the decision.
- **111.1.2** Appeals Process. Whenever the Fire Chief disapproves an application or refuses to grant a permit applied for, or when it is claimed that the provisions of this code do not apply or that the true intent and meaning of this code have been misconstrued or wrongly interpreted, the applicant may appeal the decision of the Fire Chief to the Board of Appeals IN WRITING within 15 calendar days from the date of the decision.

112 VIOLATIONS

- **112.2** Owner/occupant responsibility. Correction and abatement of violations of this code shall be the responsibility of the owner or owner's authorized agent. Where an occupant creates or allows to be created hazardous conditions in violation of this code, the occupant shall be held responsible for the abatement of such hazardous conditions.
- 112.4 Violation Penalties. Persons who shall violate a provision of this code, the Guadalupe Municipal Code, or shall fail to comply with any of the requirements thereof or who shall erect, install, alter, repair or do work in violation of the approved construction documents or directive of the Fire Code Official, or of a permit or certificate used under provisions of this code, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not more than \$1,000.00 or by imprisonment not exceeding 180 calendar days, or both such fine and imprisonment for each violation. Each day that a violation continues after due notice has been served shall be deemed a separate offense. The Fire Code Official may also cause an administrative action to be initiated in accordance with Title 1, Chapters 1.10 and 1.11 of the Guadalupe Municipal Code.

113 STOP WORK ORDER

113.4 Failure to Comply. Any person who shall continue any work after having been served with a stop work order, except such work as that person is directed to perform to remove a violation or unsafe condition, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to the penalties set forth in Section 110.4 112.4 of this code. The Fire Code Official may also cause an administrative action to be initiated in accordance with Title 1, Chapters 1.10 and 1.11 of the Guadalupe Municipal Code.

CHAPTER 3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

304 COMBUSTIBLE WASTE MATERIAL

304.1.2 Vegetation. Weeds, grass, vines, or other growth that is capable of being ignited and endangering property shall be cut down and removed by the owner or occupant of the premises. Vegetation clearance requirements in urban/wildland interface areas shall be in accordance with California Fire Code Chapter 49 and Title 19, Division 1, 3.07(b). Refer to Guadalupe Municipal Code Chapter 8.16 for weed, trash, and debris removal and abatement procedures.

307 OPEN BURNING, RECREATIONAL FIRES AND PORTABLE OUTDOOR FIREPLACES

307.1.2 Combustible Refuse Prohibited Open Burning. A person shall not burn any combustible refuse in any open outdoor fire within the City. Burning in any incinerator is prohibited except with a permit issued by the Fire Code Official and in accordance with Federal, State, and Local requirements.

EXCEPTIONS:

- 1. Barbeque and recreational fires (camp fires).
- 2. Agricultural burning with a permit issued by the Fire Code Official and in accordance with Federal, State, and Local requirements.
- 3. Fires set under public authority.

308 OPEN FLAMES

- **308.1.4 Open-Flame Cooking Devices.** Charcoal burners and other open-flame cooking devices shall not be operated on combustible balconies or within 10 feet (3,048 mm) of combustible construction.
- **308.1.4.1 Liquefied-Petroleum-Gas-Fueled Cooking Devices.** LP-gas burners having an LP-gas container shall not be located on combustible balconies or within 10 feet (3,048 mm) of combustible construction.

311 VACANT PREMISES

- **311.1 General**. Temporarily unoccupied buildings, structures, premises, or portions thereof, including tenant spaces or buildings damaged by fire or other disasters, shall be safeguarded and maintained in accordance with this section.
- **311.1.1 Abandoned Premises**. Buildings, structures, and premises for which an owner cannot be identified or located by dispatch of a certificate of mailing to the last known or registered address, which persistently or repeatedly becomes unprotected or unsecured, which have been occupied by unauthorized persons or for illegal purposes, or which present a danger of structural collapse or fire spread to adjacent properties shall be considered abandoned, declared unsafe and abated by demolition or rehabilitation as directed by the Building Official and Fire Code Official.
- 311.1.3 Buildings or Property Damaged by Fire or Disaster. The owner, occupant, or other person having under their control any property or materials on property damaged by fire or other disasters,

when access by the public is possible, shall secure the property either by boarding up all openings, fencing, barricading, or other appropriate measures as approved by the Fire Code Official. Within 15 calendar days after written notice by the Fire Code Official to do so has been served, all debris and/or damaged materials shall be removed from the property and deposited in accordance with Federal, State, and Local requirements or proof of contractual arrangements that have been made for demolition, replacement, or repair of all fire or disaster-damaged structures remaining on the property.

- **311.1.4 Authority to Secure Property Damaged by Fire or Other Disaster.** The Fire Code Official shall be empowered to initiate necessary actions to secure property damaged by fire or other disaster and/or remove and dispose of debris and other damaged materials when, after giving notice to the owner of record of the property, the owner fails to secure the property and/or remove debris as ordered by the Fire Code Official.
- **311.1.5** Cost Recovery. The Fire Code Official is authorized to initiate any and all actions necessary to recover the costs of securing property damaged by fire or other disaster and/or removing and disposing of debris and other damaged materials when, after giving notice to the owner of record of the property, the owner fails to secure the property and/or remove debris, and the City provides the service either through the use of City resources or a contractor.

312 VEHICLE IMPACT PROTECTION

- **312.2 Posts.** Guard posts shall comply with all of the following requirements:
 - 1. Constructed of steel not less than 4 inches (102 mm) in diameter and concrete filled.
 - 2. Spaced not more than 3 feet (914 mm) between posts on center.
 - 3. Set not less than 3 feet (914 mm) deep in a concrete footing of not less than 18-inch (458 mm) in diameter.
 - 4. Set with the top of the posts not less than 3 feet (914 mm) above ground.
 - 5. Located not less than 3 feet (914 mm) from the protected object.

316 HAZARDS TO FIRE FIGHTERS

316.7 Fog, Smoke or Gas Emitting Systems. No system or device shall be installed in any building or portion of a building which, as a part of its operation discharges any fog, gas, smoke, vapor, liquid, or other product when the design of the system discharge is to obscure the vision of any person, cause discrientation, or incapacitate any person within the building or portion thereof. Nothing in this section is intended to preclude the connection of an alarm system to any fire suppression system.

CHAPTER 4 EMERGENCY PLANNING AND PREPAREDNESS

401 GENERAL

401.3.5 Hazardous Materials Events. In the event an unplanned or unwanted release of hazardous materials occurs on a property, the owner or occupant shall immediately report such condition to the Fire Department.

403 EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS REQUIREMENTS

- **403.11.1.1 When Required**. Fire watch shall be provided as follows:
 - 1. When required by other sections of this code.
 - 2. When the Fire Code Official deems a condition essential for public safety.
 - 3. When the Fire Code Official determines that conditions may result in a rekindle.
- **403.11.1.2 Financial Responsibility**. The property owner, the tenant or occupant in control of the premises shall be responsible for all costs of providing a fire watch.
- **403.11.1.3 Qualifications**. Personnel assigned to fire watch duties shall possess the following minimum qualifications:
 - 1. Shall be at least 18 years of age.
 - 2. Shall be able to speak, read, write and understand English.
 - 3. Shall be capable of executing the duties and responsibilities as specified in 114.4.
 - 4. Shall be capable of operating a mobile telephone device and/or portable radio.
 - 5. Shall be capable of inspecting all portions of their assigned watch area.
- **403.11.1.4 Number and Hours**. The Fire Code Official shall specify the minimum number of fire watch personnel required and the hours during which they must be present based on the conditions and size of the facility.
- **403.11.1.5 Duties and Responsibilities.** Duties and responsibilities of persons assigned fire watch duties include, but are not limited to the following:
 - To know the address of the facility being watched.
 - To be equipped with a mobile telephone device that can be used to contact 9-1-1 or a
 portable radio that can be used to communicate with a constantly attended
 security/communications center.
 - 3. To continuously make rounds and monitor all assigned areas.
 - 4. To immediately report any sign of smoke, fire or other emergency to 9-1-1 or to the security/communications center.
 - 5. To activate the building fire alarm system when the building is equipped with such a system or notify those present to evacuate the building or area.
 - 6. To assist with the evacuation of people present in the area.
 - To keep a fire watch log that, as a minimum, includes the following information:
 - a. Identifies the building or area by name and address that is under watch.
 - b. The date and time each round or tour is completed, plus comments on what was observed. Each entry shall contain the name and signature of the person conducting the watch.
 - c. Fire watch logs shall be immediately accessible for review by the Fire Code Official. A copy of the fire watch log shall be retained by the owner or agent of the facility being protected.
 - 8. To continue the fire watch until permission has been received from the Guadalupe Fire Department to terminate the fire watch activities.
 - 9. Fire watch personnel shall not be assigned additional duties during their fire watch tour.

CHAPTER 5 FIRE SERVICE FEATURES

503 FIRE APPARATUS ACCESS ROADS

- **503.4.2 Removal of Obstructions**. The Fire Code Official shall have the power and authority to remove or cause to be removed, without notice, any vehicle, vessel, or thing parked or placed in violation of any or all sections of this code. The owner of any item so removed shall be responsible for all charges connected therewith.
- **503.4.3 Cost Recovery**. The Fire Code Official is authorized to initiate any and all actions necessary to recover the costs of removal and storage of any vehicle, vessel, or thing parked or placed in violation of any or all sections of this code when the City provides the service either through the use of City resources or a contractor.
- **503.6.1 Electrically Operated Gates.** All electrically operated gates which are installed across required fire access roads or pathways shall have a Knox brand access switch installed which will open the gate. The switch shall be installed so it will open the gate and the gate will remain in the open position until re-set by the Fire Department. The gate shall have a manual means of opening in the event of a power failure and shall be accessible from the exterior of the property.
- **503.6.2 Manually Operated Gates**. All manually operated gates installed across required fire access roads or pathways and which are locked shall have a Knox brand padlock installed. The Knox padlock shall be integrated with any other lock in such a manner as to allow the gate to be opened by unlocking the Knox padlock only.

505 PREMISES IDENTIFICATION

- Address Numbers. New and existing buildings shall have approved address numbers, building numbers or approved building identification placed in a position that is plainly legible and visible from the street or road fronting the property. These numbers shall contrast with their background. Address numbers shall be Arabic numerals or alphabet letters. Numbers shall be a minimum of 4 inches in height with a minimum stroke width of 0.5 inch (12.7 mm) for residential occupancies and 6 inches (152 mm) high with a minimum stroke width of 0.75 inch (19 mm) for commercial and industrial occupancies. Numbers and/or letters of larger size may be required based on the size and design of the building or group of buildings. Where access is by means of a private road and the building cannot be viewed from the public way, a monument pole or sign or means shall be used to identify the structure. Address identification shall be maintained.
- **505.1.1** Rear Door Address Numbers. All commercial and industrial buildings with access via an alley or other similar roadways shall have the address number, unit or suite number, and street name provided on or adjacent to the rear door of the building or tenant space. These numbers shall contrast with their background. Address and suite numbers shall be Arabic numerals or alphabet letters, shall be a minimum of 6 inches (152 mm) high with a minimum stroke width of 0.75 inch (19 mm). The street

name shall be a minimum of 4 inches in height with a minimum stroke width of 0.5 inch (12.7 mm). Numbers and/or letters of larger size may be required based on the size and design of the building or group of buildings.

505.1.2 Address Directory. All buildings, or groups of buildings served by an alley, private driveway or similar roadway system, shall be provided with an address directory at every entrance to the property. The design of the directory shall be in accordance with standards set forth by the Fire Code Official. The directory shall be maintained by the property owner, Homeowner's Association, or other individual or group in charge of the property.

506 KEY BOXES

- **506.1** Where Required. All new commercial occupancies shall have a Knox brand key box installed as directed by the Fire Code Official. Existing commercial occupancies shall install a Knox key box as directed by the Fire Code Official when a Building Permit is obtained for any work. The key box shall contain keys that will allow the Fire Department access to all portions of the building. The keys shall have a tag affixed identifying their purpose.
- **506.1.1 Locks**. All gates or similar barriers across required Fire Department access roads or pathways shall have a Knox brand padlock installed in addition to any lock placed by the property owner or tenant. The Knox padlock shall be integrated with any other lock in such a manner as to allow the gate to be opened by unlocking the Knox padlock only.
- **Key Box Maintenance**. The owner, manager or other person in charge of a property shall notify the Fire Code Official and provide new key(s) when a lock is changed or re-keyed within 5 working days of the change. Upon notification, the Fire Code Official will make arrangements to place the new key(s) in the key box.
- **Responsibility.** Correction and abatement of violations of section 506.1 and 506.1.1 of this code shall be the responsibility of the owner or owners authorized agent.

507 FIRE PROTECTION WATER SUPPLIES

- **507.5.4.1 Removal of Obstructions**. The Fire Code Official shall have the power and authority to remove or cause to be removed, without notice, posts, fences, vehicles, growth, trash, storage and other materials or objects or thing parked or placed in violation of Section 507.5.4. The owner of any item so removed shall be responsible for all charges connected therewith.
- **507.5.4.2** Cost Recovery. The Fire Code Official is authorized to initiate any and all actions necessary to recover the costs of removal and storage of any posts, fences, vehicles, growth, trash, storage and other materials or objects or thing parked or placed in violation of Section 507.5.4 when the City provides the service either through the use of City resources or a contractor.

507.5.5 Clear Space Around Hydrants. A 5-foot (1.5 m) clear space shall be maintained around the circumference of fire hydrants except as otherwise approved by the Fire Code Official.

509 FIRE PROTECTION AND UTILITY EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION AND ACCESS

- **509.1 Identification**. Fire protection equipment shall be identified in an approved manner. Rooms containing controls for air-conditioning systems, sprinkler risers and valves, or other fire detection, suppression or control elements shall be identified for the use of the Fire Department. All signage shall be designed and installed in accordance with Guadalupe Fire Department Standards.
- **509.1.1 Utility Identification.** Where required by the fire code official, gas shutoff valves, electric meters, service switches and other utility equipment shall be clearly and legibly marked to identify the unit or space that it serves. Identification shall be approved by the Fire Code Official, readily visible and shall be maintained.
- **509.1.2** Sign Maintenance. All signs required by this code shall be maintained in a legible condition and replaced or repaired as required by the Fire Code Official.

CHAPTER 6 BUILDING SERVICES AND SYSTEMS

605 FUEL-FIRED APPLIANCES

605.5 Portable Unvented Heaters. The use of portable unvented fuel-fired heating equipment shall be prohibited in all occupancies except where a permit has been issued by the Fire Code Official and the Building Code Official.

Exception: Portable outdoor gas-fired heating appliances shall be allowed in accordance with Section 605.5.2

603 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, WIRING AND HAZARDS

Temporary Wiring. Temporary wiring for electrical power and lighting installations is allowed for a period not to exceed 90 days upon issuance of a permit by the Fire Code Official and the Building Code Official. Temporary wiring methods shall meet the applicable provisions of the California Electrical Code.

Exception: Temporary wiring for electrical power and lighting installations is allowed during periods of construction, remodeling, repair or demolition of buildings, structures, equipment or similar activities.

606 COMMERCIAL COOKING EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS

606.3.4.1 Hood Servicing. A certificate of inspection/service shall be forwarded to the Guadalupe Fire Department within 5 working days of completion of the 6-month service, or upon service rendered after

the activation of any fire suppression system. The submission of the certificate of inspection service is the responsibility of the contractor performing the service. The certificate may be a copy of the invoice as long as it has the required information contained therein.

The certificate shall include:

- 1. The name, address and phone number of the licensed contractor performing the service.
- 2. The name, address and phone number of the business for whom the service is being done.
- 3. Date and time of the service.
- 4. Make, model, and manufacturer of the system.
- 5. A detailed list of all work completed on the system (clean nozzles, replace links, recharge system).
- 6. Specific date of the previous service on the system.
- 7. The cleanliness of the hood and associated appliances.
- 8. Alterations to the system or appliances that causes the system to be out of compliance with the manufacturer's specifications.

CHAPTER 9 FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEMS

901 GENERAL

901.7 Systems Out of Service. Where a required fire protection system is out of service, the Fire Code Official shall be notified immediately and, where required by the Fire Code Official, the building shall either be evacuated or an approved fire watch shall be provided for all occupants left unprotected by the shut down until the fire protection system has been returned to service. Where utilized, fire watches shall comply with the provisions of Chapter 4, Sections 403.11.1.1, 403.11.1.2, 403.11.1.3, 403.11.1.4 and 403.11.1.5 of this code.

903 AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEMS

- **903.2** Where Required. Approved automatic fire sprinkler systems in new buildings and structures shall be provided in the locations described in this section, regardless of construction type, occupancy separation walls or area separation walls.
- **903.2.1 Group A**. All Group A-1, A-2, A-3, and A-4 occupancies shall be equipped with an automatic fire sprinkler system throughout the building.
- **903.2.2 Group B Ambulatory Health Care Facilities.** An automatic sprinkler system shall be installed throughout the building in all Group B ambulatory health care facility occupancies when either of the following conditions exist at any time:
 - 1. Four or more care recipients are incapable of self-preservation.
 - 2. One or more care recipients who are incapable of self-preservation are located at other than the level of exit discharge serving such an occupancy.

- **903.2.2.1 Group B**. All Group B occupancies other than those described in Section 903.2.2 shall be equipped with an automatic fire sprinkler system throughout the building when the gross floor area is more than 5,000 square feet.
- **903.2.3 Group E**. All Group E occupancies shall be equipped with an automatic fire sprinkler system throughout the building.
- **903.2.4 Group F.** All Group F occupancies shall be equipped with an automatic fire sprinkler system throughout the building when the gross floor area is more than 2,500 square feet (233 m²).
- 903.2.4.1 Woodworking Operations. Refer to section 903.2.4.
- **903.2.6 Group I**. All Group I occupancies shall be equipped with an automatic fire sprinkler system throughout the building.
- **903.2.7 Group M.** All Group M occupancies shall be equipped with an automatic fire sprinkler system throughout the building when the gross floor area is more than 5,000 square feet.
- **903.2.9 Group S.** All Group S occupancies shall be equipped with an automatic fire sprinkler system throughout the building when the gross floor area is more than 2,500 square feet (233 m²).
- **903.2.22 Speculative Building Defined**. Any F, M, or S occupancy required by this code to be equipped with automatic fire sprinklers throughout the building in which the tenant is not identified at the time of application for a building permit shall be considered a speculative building.
- **903.2.22.1** Speculative Building, Sprinkler System Design. Automatic fire sprinkler systems in speculative buildings as defined in Section 903.2.20 with an interior clear height of 12 feet or less shall have a minimum design of .20 gallons per minute over a 2,500 square foot design area (.20/2500).
- **903.2.22.2 Speculative Building, Sprinkler System Design.** Automatic fire sprinkler systems in speculative buildings as defined in Section 903.2.20 with an interior clear height of more than 12 feet shall be designed as set forth in Section 206.2.2 of this code (High-piled storage).
- **903.2.23 Additions or alterations.** Automatic fire sprinkler system throughout the building shall be provided when:
 - a. Additions to existing buildings adds more than 50% of the existing square footage to the structure and results in a total square footage in excess of 1,500 (one thousand five hundred) square feet;
 - b. Alterations to Group A, B as described in section 903.2.2. E, F, and S encompass more than 50% of the existing square footage of the structure or is in excess of 1,500 (one thousand five hundred) square feet where there is a change of occupancy to a more hazardous use as determined by the Building Official or Fire Chief;
 - c. Alterations to Group B other than those described in Section 903.2.2 and M encompass more than 50 % of the existing square footage of the structure or is in excess of 3,000 (three

- thousand) square feet or where there is change of occupancy to a more hazardous use as determined by the Building Official or Fire Chief;
- d. Alterations to Group R encompass more than 50% of the existing square footage of the structure or is in excess of 2,000 (two thousand) square feet or where there is a change of occupancy to a more hazardous use as determined by the Building Official or the Fire Chief;
- e. These requirements will be applicable to the combined square footage of all building permit issued for the address or site within the last five years. Buildings or structures separated by less than ten (10) feet shall be considered as a single building or structure.

904 ALTERNATIVE AUTOMATIC FIRE-EXTINGUISHING SYSTEMS

904.13.6 Wood or Wood Product Fueled Cooking. All commercial-type cooking equipment using wood or wood products as fuel shall be protected by an automatic sprinkler system within the hood and the duct work. The water supply may be provided from the building's fire sprinkler system, or the domestic water supply. The minimum water flow calculation shall be 20 gallons per minute (76 gpm) at 7 psi (.5 bar) for each head. There shall be a separate control valve for the fire sprinkler system protecting the commercial-type cooking equipment.

905 STANDPIPE SYSTEMS

905.13 Fire Hose Requirements. The Fire Code Official may, upon written request of the property owner, waive the requirement for fire hose in conjunction with required standpipe systems.

906 PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

906.3.5 Minimum Fire Extinguisher Rating. The minimum rating for a required fire extinguisher as set forth in this code shall be 2A10BC.

907 FIRE ALARM AND DETECTION SYSTEMS

- **907.11** False Alarms. The Fire Code Official is authorized to seek cost recovery for a Fire Department response to an alarm system activation which is determined to be a false alarm caused by system malfunction, system misuse or other non-emergency causes.
- **907.11.1 False Alarm Frequency**. The cost recovery fee will be charged for all responses after the second false alarm in a calendar year.
- **907.11.2** False Alarm Fee. The amount of the cost recovery fee will be as set forth in the City of Guadalupe User Fees Schedule. Additional fees may be charged for extraordinary circumstances.
- **907.11.3 False Alarm—Legal Action**. The Fire Code Official may initiate civil or criminal action as set forth in Guadalupe Municipal Code Chapters 1.10 and 1.11.

912 FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTIONS

- **912.5 Signs.** All Fire Department connections, fire sprinkler risers, standpipe connections, and fire pump connections shall be provided with a sign identifying its location in accordance with standards established by the Fire Code Official. Where the fire department connection does not serve the entire building, a sign shall be provided indicating the portion of the building served.
- **912.5.1** Existing Buildings. All existing buildings equipped with a Fire Department connection, fire sprinkler riser, standpipe connections, and fire pump connections shall have installed, signs as described in Section 912.5 when required by the fire code official.
- **912.8 Clear Space Makings.** A 5-foot (1.5 m) clear space shall be maintained in front the fire department connection when placed directly in front of a parking area or road. Where the clearance required intrudes into the road or parking area the Fire Lane Curb Painting Requirements in section D103.6.4 must be applied.

CHAPTER 10 MEANS OF EGRESS

1013 EXIT SIGNS

- **1013.7** Floor Level Exit Signs. All buildings, or portions of a building with an occupant load of 50 or more shall be provided with floor level exit signs. The floor level exit signs shall be readily visible from any direction of egress travel. Access to exits shall be marked by readily visible floor level exit signs in cases where the exit or the path of egress travel is not immediately visible to the occupants. Floor level exit sign placement shall be such that no point in a corridor is more than 100 feet (30.5 m) or the listed viewing distance for the sign, whichever is less, from the nearest visible exit sign.
- **1013.7.1 Installation**. Floor level exit signs shall be installed so the bottom of the sign is not less than 6 inches (152 mm), nor more than 12 inches (305 mm) above the adjacent grade. The sign shall be installed on the latch side of exit doors and shall be not less than 4 inches from the door opening.
- **1013.7.2 Floor Level Exit Sign Illumination**. All floor level exit signs shall be illuminated as set forth in Sections 1013.3, 1013.5 and 1013.6.

1028 EXIT DISCHARGE

- **1028.5.1** Access Way Design. Required exits for all buildings shall be provided with an all-weather surface walkway from the exit discharge to a public way or safe dispersal area as defined in Section 1028.5. The minimum design for the all-weather surface walkway shall be:
 - 1. 48 inches in width (1.2 m) (Greater width may be required based on building occupant load)
 - 2. 84 inches clear overhead (2.5 m)
 - 3. Asphalt or concrete material

1030 ASSEMBLY

1030.18 Bench Seating. Where bench seating is used, the number of persons for exiting design shall be based on one person for each 18 inches (457 mm) of length of the bench. For occupant load and seat assignment, the number of persons shall be based on one person for each 24 inches (610 mm) of length of the bench. Fractional measurements shall be rounded down to the next lowest occupant number.

CHAPTER 11 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS FOR EXISTING BUILDINGS

1104 MEANS OF EGRESS FOR EXISTING BUILDINGS

- **1104.3.1 Floor Level Exit Signs**. All existing buildings with an occupant load of more than 50 persons shall provide floor level exit signs as set forth in Sections 1013.7, 1013.7.1 and 1013.7.2 when the owner or the owner's agent applies for a building permit to perform work with a value in excess of \$10,000.00.
- **1104.26** Access Way Design. All existing buildings shall provide an all-weather surface walkway from the exit discharge to a public way or safe dispersal area as defined in Section 1028.5 when the owner or the owner's agent applies for a building permit to perform work with a value in excess of \$10,000.00. The minimum design for the all-weather surface walkway shall be:
- 1. 48 inches in width (1.2 m) (greater width may be required based on building occupant load).
- 2. 84 inches clear overhead (2.5 m).
- 3. Asphalt or concrete material.

CHAPTER 23 MOTOR FUEL DISPENSING FACILITIES AND REPAIR GARAGES

2306 FLAMMABLE AND COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID MOTOR FUEL-DISPENSING FACILITIES

2306.2.3.1 Fire Protection. All above-ground storage tanks for Class I, II, IIIA, and IIIB liquids shall be protected by an automatic water spray system designed and installed in accordance with NFPA Standard #15. The system shall be activated by a manual pull station and heat detectors proportionally spaced around the tank within the containment area.

Exception: Above-ground storage tanks with a fire resistance rating of 2 hours or more.

- **2306.2.3.2** Conditional Use Permit. Storage of Class I, II, IIIA, or IIIB liquids in above-ground tanks is not permitted in all areas of the City, except those zoning districts where the use is permitted subject to approval of a conditional use permit and a valid conditional use permit is in effect.
- **2306.2.3.3 Operational Permit**. An annual operational permit is required as set forth in section 105.1.6, 105.5.18, and 105.5.33.
- **2306.4 Physical Protection**. Guard posts complying with Section 312 or other approved means shall be provided to protect above-ground tanks against impact by a motor vehicle.
- **2306.5.1** Identification Placard for Above-ground Tanks. All above-ground tanks containing Class I, II, IIIA, or IIIB liquids shall have an identification placard permanently affixed to it. The identification placard shall have the following information:

- a. Tank owner's name.
- b. Physical address of the tank installation.
- c. Product contained in tank.
- d. Tank capacity.

2307 LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS MOTOR FUEL-DISPENSING FACILITIES

2307.1.1 Conditional Use Permit. Storage, dispensing and use of liquefied petroleum gas in above-ground tanks exceeding 450 gallons is not permitted in all areas of the City, except those zoning districts where the use is permitted subject to approval of a conditional use permit and a valid conditional use permit is in effect.

2307.1.2 Identification Placard for Above-ground Tanks. All above-ground tanks containing liquefied petroleum gas exceeding 450 gallons shall have an identification placard permanently affixed to it. The identification placard shall have the following information:

- a. Tank owner's name.
- b. Physical address of the tank installation.
- c. Product contained in tank.
- d. Tank capacity.

2307.1.3 Operational Permit. An annual operational permit is required as set forth in section 105.1.6, 105.5.28, and 105.5.33.

2308 COMPRESSED NATURAL GAS MOTOR FUEL-DISPENSING FACILITIES

2308.1.1 Conditional Use Permit. Storage, dispensing and use of compressed natural gas in aboveground tanks is not permitted in all areas of the City, except those zoning districts where the use is permitted subject to approval of a conditional use permit and a valid conditional use permit is in effect.

2308.1.2 Identification Placard for Above-ground Tanks. All above-ground tanks containing compressed natural gas shall have an identification placard permanently affixed to it. The identification placard shall have the following information:

- a. Tank owner's name.
- b. Physical address of the tank installation.
- c. Product contained in tank.
- d. Tank capacity.

2308.1.3 Operational Permit. An annual operational permit is required as set forth in section 105.1.6 and 105.5.33.

2309 HYDROGEN MOTOR FUEL-DISPENSING AND GENERATION FACILITIES

2309.1.1 Conditional Use Permit. Storage, dispensing, generation, and use of hydrogen gas in aboveground tanks is not permitted in all areas of the City, except those zoning districts where the use is permitted subject to approval of a conditional use permit and a valid conditional use permit is in effect.

2309.1.2 Identification Placard for Above-ground Tanks. All above-ground tanks containing hydrogen gas shall have an identification placard permanently affixed to it. The identification placard shall have the following information:

- a. Tank owner's name.
- b. Physical address of the tank installation.
- c. Product contained in tank.
- d. Tank capacity.

2309.1.3 Operational Permit. An annual operational permit is required as set forth in section 105.1.6 and 105.5.33.

CHAPTER 31 TENTS AND OTHER MEMBRANE STRUCTURES

3103 TEMPORARY TENTS AND MEMBRANE STRUCTURES

3103.2 Approval Required. Tents and membrane structures having an area in excess of 400 square feet (37 m²) shall not be erected, operated or maintained for any purpose without first obtaining a permit and approval from the Fire Code Official.

Exceptions:

1. Tents used exclusively for recreational camping purposes.

3103.4 Permit. An operational permit is required as set forth in section 105.5 and 105.6 prior to occupation.

CHAPTER 32 HIGH PILED COMBUSTIBLE STORAGE

3206 GENERAL FIRE PROTECTION AND LIFE SAFETY FEATURES

3206.2.2 Speculative Building. Group F, M, and S speculative buildings as defined in Section 903.2.22 having an interior clear height greater than 12 feet where high piled storage may accrue shall comply with this chapter. The storage height shall be determined by subtracting 48 inches from the highest point of the roof above each system for ESFR and 30 inches from the highest point of the roof above each system for area density applications.

3206.2.3 Minimum Sprinkler Design Requirements for Speculative Buildings. The design of the automatic sprinkler system for speculative buildings as defined in Sections 903.2.22.2 And 3206.2.2 shall be based on storage of a cartooned Class A non-expanded plastic to the available storage height. The storage height shall be determined by subtracting 48 inches from the highest point of the roof above each system for ESFR and 30 inches for area density applications.

CHAPTER 33 FIRE SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION

3304 TEMPORARY HEATING EQUIPMENT

3304.1.1 Temporary Heating Equipment. The use of temporary fuel-fired heating equipment shall be prohibited in all occupancies except where a permit has been issued by the Fire Code Official and Building Code Official.

3305 PRECAUTIONS AGAINST FIRE

3305.5 Fire Watch. When required by the Fire Code Official for building demolition that is hazardous in nature, qualified personnel shall be provided as an on-site fire watch. The Fire Watch shall meet the requirements set forth in Chapter 4, 403.11.1.1, 403.11.1.2, 403.11.1.3, 403.11.1.4 and 403.11.1.5 of this code

3311 ACCESS FOR FIRE FIGHTING

3311.1.1 Inspection. The Fire Code Official shall inspect and approve the Fire Department access prior to the issuance of a building permit.

3312 MEANS OF EGRESS

- **3312.3 Temporary Exit Signage**. All buildings under construction or undergoing demolition shall be provided with temporary exit signage when any one or more of the following conditions are present:
 - 1. The building is 2 or more stories in height.
 - 2. The building is 10,000 square feet or larger.
 - 3. When in the opinion of the Fire Code Official, exit signage is necessary due to the design of the building or other unusual circumstances are present.

The location and design of the exit signs shall be determined by the Fire Code Official.

3313 WATER SUPPLY FOR FIRE PROTECTION

3313.1.1 Inspection. The Fire Code Official shall inspect and approve the water system prior to the delivery of combustible materials at the job site.

3316 PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

- **3316.1** Where Required. Structures under construction, alteration or demolition shall be provided with not less than one approved portable fire extinguisher in accordance with Section 906 and sized for not less than ordinary hazard as follows:
 - 1. At each stairway on all floor levels where combustible materials have accumulated.
 - 2. In every storage and construction shed.
 - 3. Throughout the building under construction in sufficient quantity so travel distance does not exceed 75 feet (23 m).
 - 4. The minimum rating for fire extinguishers shall be 2A10BC.
 - 5. Additional portable fire extinguishers shall be provided where special hazards exist including, but not limited to, the storage and use of flammable and combustible liquids.

CHAPTER 56 EXPLOSIVES AND FIREWORKS

5605 MANUFACTURE, ASSEMBLY AND TESTING OF EXPLOSIVES, EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS AND FIREWORKS

5605.1.2 Manufacturing of Fireworks and Pyrotechnic Special Effects Materials. The manufacturing of fireworks is prohibited except when licensed by the California State Fire Marshal and permitted by the Guadalupe Fire Department. For the purpose of this chapter, the altering of any firework from its original design shall be considered manufacturing.

5607 BLASTING

5607.1.1 Storage and Use of Explosives and Blasting Agents. The storage of explosive and blasting agents is prohibited in all areas of the City, except those zoning districts where the use is permitted subject to approval of a conditional use permit and a valid conditional use permit is in effect, except for temporary storage for use in connection with approved blasting operations provided a permit has been issued by the City for the temporary use. However, this prohibition shall not apply to wholesale and retail stock of small arms ammunition, explosive bolts, explosive rivets or cartridges for explosive actuation power tools in quantities involving less than 500 pounds of explosive material.

5608 FIREWORKS DISPLAY

5608.1.2 Displays. Permits issued by the Guadalupe Fire Department are required to conduct any fireworks display. Permit application to the City shall be made not less than 15 work days prior to the scheduled date of the display. At the time of permit application, the Fire Chief shall be consulted regarding the requirements for standby fire apparatus.

5614 FIREWORKS SALES

5614.1 Safe and Sane Fireworks. The manufacture, display, sales, storage, possession, use and handling of safe and sane fireworks shall be in accordance with the California Code of Regulations and this chapter. Safe and sane fireworks are those fireworks as defined by Section 12529 of the California Health and Safety Code.

5614.2 Date and Hours of Sale and Use. Safe and sane fireworks may be sold during the period beginning at twelve noon (12:00 p.m.) on the 28th day of June and ending at eleven fifty-nine (11:59 p.m.) on the 4th day of July each year pursuant to the provisions of Section 12599, California Health and Safety Code. Daily opening and closing hours of each fireworks stand are optional as long as they fall within the times specified above. Safe and sane fireworks, as defined by Section 12529 of the California Health and Safety Code, may only be used between the hours of 11:00 a.m. and 11:59 p.m. on the 4th of July.

5614.2.1 License—Required. No person or organization shall possess, use, sell or offer for sale any fireworks of any kind without having applied for and received a license issued by the California State Fire Marshal's Office, as provided for in Section 12688, California Health and Safety Code.

5614.2.2 Permit—Required. No person or organization shall possess, use, sell or offer for sale any fireworks of any kind without having applied for and received a permit from the Guadalupe Fire Department.

5614.2.3 Permit—Issuance. No permits for sale of safe and sane fireworks will be issued to any person, firm or corporation except those nonprofit associations or corporations organized primarily for veteran, patriotic, welfare, civic betterment, or charitable purposes. Proof of nonprofit status may be required.

Each organization must have its principal and primary meeting place within the corporate city limits of the City of Guadalupe. No organization may receive more than one permit for one location for the sale of safe and sane fireworks during any one calendar year.

- a. The maximum number of permits that will be issued pursuant to this article shall not exceed one permit for each 6,000 residents of the City, or fraction thereof, based on the official City census.
- b. If the number of applications exceeds the number of permits to be issued, the permittees during the preceding year shall have first priority for the available permits. Those organizations applying that are beyond the maximum number of permits issued may be put on a waiting list maintained by the Guadalupe Fire Department, if they so request.

EXCEPTIONS: Any prior permittee who fails to operate and any prior permittee who violates any rule, ordinance, regulation, or law while operating a fireworks stand in any one year shall be deemed to have withdrawn from the fireworks sale program. Applicants who are deemed to have withdrawn from the program may apply in writing to the Fire Chief for reinstatement. Prior permit holders may be returned to the program on the waiting list upon demonstrating that failure to timely submit was due to excusable negligence and the applicant otherwise meets the qualifications of this code.

5614.2.4 Permit Application. All applicants for a permit to sell fireworks shall:

- 1. Furnish the Guadalupe Fire Department a list of names of the organizations and the name, address, and phone number of the individual in each organization who is responsible for the retail sales of the fireworks. This list will be used to send the appropriate letters and application forms to the current list of permit applicants. The list shall be in the possession of the Guadalupe Fire Department no later than May 15th of each year so the appropriate letter and forms may be sent to the permit applicants in a timely fashion.
- 2. Submit a written application to sell fireworks on the form provided by the City.
- 3. Submit a copy of a certificate of insurance in the amount of \$1,000,000.00 for public liability and property damage, indicating riders attached to the policy designating the City of Guadalupe as an additional insured.
- 4. Submit a "letter of permission" signed by the property owner or their authorized agent permitting the organization to erect a fireworks stand on the owner's property.

5. Complete and submit all required paperwork to the Guadalupe Fire Department on or before June 5th for sales to commence during the period June 28th to July 4th of the same year. Failure to submit a complete application package by June 5th shall be deemed a withdrawal from the fireworks sale program. Applicants who are deemed to have withdrawn from the program may apply in writing to the Fire Chief for reinstatement. The applicant may be returned to the program on the waiting list upon demonstrating that failure to timely submit was due to excusable negligence and the applicant otherwise meets the qualifications of this code.

5614.2.5 Fireworks Stand Construction. Sales of safe and sane fireworks shall only be from temporary fireworks stands. Sale from any other building or structure is prohibited. Temporary fireworks stands shall be subject to the following conditions:

- 1. No stand shall be located within 25 feet (7.4 m) of a building or within 100 feet (31 m) of any flammable or combustible liquid or flammable gas dispensing or storage operation.
- 2. Fireworks stands need not comply with the Building Code. All stands must be constructed and erected in a manner that will reasonably ensure the safety of the attendants and customers. The stands are subject to inspection by the Guadalupe Fire Department at any time and decisions as to the reasonableness of safety and construction of the stand will be determined through these inspections.
- 3. Fireworks stands need not obtain a conditional use permit.
- All fireworks stands shall be erected only on commercial or industrial zoned property within the city limits of Guadalupe. No fireworks stand shall be constructed or erected on residentially zoned property.
- 5. Stand locations shall be approved by the Fire Department prior to construction.
- 6. Permittees must provide a "letter of permission" from the property owner or their authorized agent approving the use of the property for fireworks sale.
- 7. Fireworks stands in excess of 24 feet (7.3 m) in length shall have a minimum of 2 exits.

5614.2.6 Fireworks Stand Operation. No person shall be paid any consideration for erecting, constructing, dismantling or operating a fireworks stand.

- 1. No person shall be paid any consideration for selling or otherwise participating in the sale of fireworks at a stand. This includes constructing, erecting, or dismantling a fireworks stand.
- 2. While occupied, all fireworks stands shall have a minimum of one 2A rated water pressure fire extinguisher with a current service tag within the stand. The pressurized water type of fire extinguisher shall not be substituted with any other type.
- 3. All weeds, trash and other combustible debris shall be cleared for a distance of at least 25 feet (7.4 m) from the stand in all directions.
- 4. Doors of the stands shall not be locked on the outside. The door may be provided with a latch on the inside, provided it does not cause undue delay to anyone exiting in an emergency.
- 5. The interior of the stand shall be maintained in such a manner as to provide a clear pathway from any point inside to an exit at all times.

- 6. All electrical power to the stands shall be installed and maintained in a safe manner. Generators and their fuel shall be stored and operated a minimum of 25 feet (7.4 m) from the stand.
- 7. No heating appliance shall be permitted inside of a stand or within 25 feet (7.4 m) of a stand.
- 8. No motor vehicle shall be parked within 25 feet (7.4 m) of a stand.
 - **Exception:** Vehicles operated by a permitted organization to pick up or deliver fireworks may be parked within 25 feet (7.4 m) of a stand.
- 9. All fireworks stands shall be completely emptied of fireworks and the fireworks shall be transported to the central storage facility when the stand is not open for business.
- 10. No person shall sleep or otherwise occupy a fireworks stand in lieu of removing the fireworks from the stand when not open for business.
- 11. The temporary fireworks stand will be dismantled and removed from its location not later than the Sunday of the weekend following the 4th of July of each year. It shall be the responsibility of the permittee to remove the stand. If the removal of the stand is not accomplished by this deadline, the City of Guadalupe shall remove and store it until it is redeemed by the payment of appropriate fees and interest thereon, if applicable due to the passage of time before payment is received, for its removal and storage.

5614.2.7 Fireworks Storage, Transportation and Delivery. Storage, transportation and delivery of fireworks shall be in accordance with this chapter.

- 1. Fireworks storage is authorized in only 2 locations: at the fireworks stands when open for business or at the City-approved centralized storage facility.
- 2. Fireworks wholesale distributors are responsible for obtaining an approved central storage facility. A Fire Department permit is required for the central storage facility.
- 3. The central storage facility shall be located only in commercial or industrial zoned areas only. The central storage facility shall not be located on residentially zoned properties.
- 4. Fireworks stored in the central storage facility shall be outside of a building. Fireworks shall not be stored within a building.
- 5. The City of Guadalupe shall not be responsible for any costs or liabilities associated with the central storage facility.
- 6. The central storage facility shall be enclosed by a fence not less than 6 feet (1.9 m) in height on all sides.
 - a. Vehicles, trailers, or storage containers shall be placed within the storage facility so that there is a minimum distance of 20 feet (6.1 m) from the perimeter fence.
 - b. Vehicles, trailers, and storage containers shall be kept locked at all times except when fireworks are being loaded and unloaded.
 - c. The central storage facility shall be approved by the Chief of Police.
 - d. "No Smoking" signs shall be posted on the perimeter fence and at the entrance to the central storage facility. Signs on the perimeter fencing shall be placed every 30 feet (9.1 m).
- 7. Fireworks shall be transported directly from the central storage facility to the fireworks stands with no stops in between. Transportation shall be by wholesalers or permittees only.
- 8. The Fire Chief may impose additional conditions as deemed appropriate.

5614.2.8 Violations. Violations of any provision of this chapter shall be a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00, or by imprisonment in the County jail for a period not exceeding 180 calendar days, or both such fine and imprisonment. An administrative citation may also be issued as set forth in Chapters 1.10 and 1.11 of the Guadalupe Municipal Code. The fine for an administrative citation shall not exceed \$1,000.00 per violation, per day.

CHAPTER 57 FLAMMABLE AND COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS

5701 GENERAL

- **5701.6** Locations Where Above-ground Tanks Are Prohibited. Storage of Class I, II, IIIA, or IIIB liquids in above-ground tanks outside of buildings is not permitted in all areas of the City, except those zoning districts where the use is permitted subject to approval of a conditional use permit and a valid conditional use permit is in effect.
- **5701.7 Identification Placard for Above-ground Tanks**. All above-ground tanks containing Class I, II, IIIA, or IIIB liquids shall have an identification placard permanently affixed to it. The identification placard shall have the following information:
 - a. Tank owner's name.
 - b. Physical address of the tank installation.
 - c. Product contained in tank.
 - d. Tank capacity.

CHAPTER 58 FLAMMABLE GASES

5801 GENERAL

- **5801.3** Conditional Use Permit. The storage, use, and dispensing of flammable gases in above-ground containers exceeding 450 gallons is not permitted in all areas of the City, except those zoning districts where the use is permitted subject to approval of a conditional use permit and a valid conditional use permit is in effect.
- **5801.4 Identification Placard for Above-ground Tanks**. All above-ground tanks containing flammable gases shall have an identification placard permanently affixed to it. The identification placard shall have the following information:
 - a. Tank owner's name.
 - b. Physical address of the tank installation.
 - c. Product contained in tank.
 - d. Tank capacity.

CHAPTER 61 LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GASES

6101 GENERAL

6101.3 Construction Documents. Where a single LP-gas container is more than 450 gallons (1,704 L) in water capacity or the aggregate water capacity of LP-gas containers is more than 1,000 gallons (3,786 L), the installer shall submit construction documents for such installation.

6104 LOCATION OF LP-GAS CONTAINERS

- **Conditional Use Permit**. The storage, use, and dispensing of liquefied petroleum gas in aboveground containers exceeding 450 gallons (1,704 L) is not permitted in all areas of the City, except those zoning districts where the use is permitted subject to approval of a conditional use permit and a valid conditional use permit is in effect.
- **6104.5.1** Identification Placard for Above-ground Tanks. All above-ground tanks containing more than 450 gallons (1,704 L) of liquefied petroleum gas shall have an identification placard permanently affixed to it. The identification placard shall have the following information:
 - a. Tank owner's name.
 - b. Physical address of the tank installation.
 - c. Product contained in tank.
 - d. Tank capacity.

15.08.030 California Fire Code Appendices adopted.

The following Appendices of the California Fire Code, 2022 edition, as published by the State of California, and subsequent editions as adopted by the State of California, are adopted by reference subject to the additions, deletions, and amendments set forth in this chapter.

Appendix 'A' "Board of Appeals" is adopted in its entirety with the following additions and amendments:

SECTION A 101 GENERAL

- **A101.1 Scope**. A Board of Appeals shall be established within the jurisdiction for the purpose of hearing applications for modification of the requirements of the California Fire Code as adopted and amended by the City of Guadalupe pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the California Fire Code. The Board shall be established and operated in accordance with this section, and shall be authorized to hear evidence from appellants and the Fire Code Official pertaining to the application and intent of this code for the purpose of issuing orders pursuant to these provisions.
- A101.3 Membership of Board. The membership of the board shall consist of 3 voting members having the qualifications established by this section. Members shall be nominated by the Fire Chief, subject to confirmation by a majority vote of the City Council.
- **A101.3.1** Appeals Board Members. The Board of Appeals may be comprised of any combination of the following, but must have at least one general industry or businessperson as described in subsection A101.3.1.5 of this section.

- **A101.3.1.1 Design Professional**. Practicing design professional registered in the practice of engineering or architecture in the State of California.
- **A101.3.1.2** Fire Protection Engineering Professional. Qualified engineer, technologist, technician or safety professional trained in fire protection engineering, fire science or fire technology. Qualified representatives in this category shall include fire protection contractors and certified technicians engaged in fire protection system design.
- **A101.3.1.3** Industrial Safety Professional. Registered industrial or chemical engineer, certified hygienist, certified safety professional, certified hazardous materials manager or comparably qualified specialist experienced in chemical process safety or industrial safety.
- **A101.3.1.4 General Contractor**. Contractor regularly engaged in the construction, alteration, maintenance, repair or remodeling of buildings or building services and systems regulated by the code.
- **A101.3.1.5 General Industry or Business Representative.** Representative of business or industry not represented by a member from one of the other categories of Board members described above.
- **A101.3.1.6 Terms of Office**. Members are volunteers and shall serve without remuneration or compensation and shall serve at the pleasure of the City Council.

Appendix B, Fire-Flow Requirements for Buildings, is adopted in its entirety.

Appendix C, Fire Hydrant Number and Distribution, is adopted in its entirety, except Table. C102.1 is replaced with the following table:

TABLE C102.1
NUMBER AND DISTRIBUTION OF FIRE HYDRANTS

FIRE-FLOW REQUIREMENT (GPM)	MINIMUM NUMBER OF HYDRANTS	HYDRANT SPACING ^{a, b} (feet)	MAXIMUM DISTANCE FROM ANY POINT ON STREET OR ROAD FRONTAGE TO A HYDRANT
1,750 or less	1	400	200
2,000 to 2,250	2	400	200
2,500	3	400	200
3,000	3	400	200
3,500 to 4,000	4	350	200
4,500 to 5,000	5	300	150
5,500	6	300	150

6,000	6	250	150
6,500 to 7,000	7	250	150
7,500 or more	8 or more ^c	200	125

- a. Where streets are provided with median dividers which can be crossed by firefighters pulling hose lines, or where arterial streets are provided with 4 or more traffic lanes and have a traffic count of 30,000 vehicles per day, hydrant spacing shall average 350 feet on each side of the street and be arranged on an alternating basis up to a fire-flow requirement of 7,000 gallons per minute and 300 feet for higher flow requirements.
- b. Where new water mains are extended along streets where hydrants are not needed for protection of structures or similar fire problems, fire hydrants shall be provided at spacing not to exceed 600 feet for transportation hazards.
- c. One hydrant for each 1,000 gallons per minute or fraction thereof. Flow requirements will be rounded up to the next highest 1,000 gallon per minute increment.

Appendix 'D' "Fire Apparatus Access Roads" is adopted in its entirety. With the following additions.

D103.6.3 Fire Lane Sign Requirements. No Parking/Fire Lane signs must follow these guidelines:

- a. The CVC Code 22500.1 (CVC 22500.1) must be imprinted on the bottom of the sign.
- b. All lettering shall be red on white reflective background no smaller than 2 inches in height.
- c. The sign shall be no smaller than 12 inches wide by 18 inches high.
- d. The sign shall be securely mounted facing the direction of travel and clearly visible to oncoming traffic entering the designated area. Signs shall be of durable material.
- e. Signs shall be installed at all driveway entrances and at intervals of not less than 100 feet along all designated fire lanes.

D103.6.4 Fire Lane Curb Painting Requirements. Where a curb exists adjacent to a fire lane, the top and face of the curb shall be painted with red traffic paint. Where the curb is discontinued, a red stripe and stencil as described below shall be painted to define the fire lane. Red curbs, red stripes and white stencils must be maintained in good condition and follow these guidelines:

- a. The face of the curb shall be stenciled with the words: NO PARKING FIRE LANE in white block letters a minimum 4 inches in height.
- b. The stencil must be painted on the FACE of the curb. Exception: Under circumstances where the curb height is less than 4 inches, the stencil may appear on the top of the curb.
- c. The stencil must appear every 50 feet or less, depending on the configuration of the fire lane. (Where a small island cannot contain both phrases, FIRE LANE must appear the NO PARKING may be omitted).
- d. Where no curb exists adjacent to the fire lane, the edge of the fire lane shall be marked with an 8 inch wide red stripe. In addition, a diagonal 8 inch wide red stripe may be required between the edges of the fire lane, with the diagonal stripe connecting the stripes or curbs at the edges of the fire lane. Spacing of the diagonal stripe is every 50 feet.

- e. The stripe shall be stenciled with the words NO PARKING FIRE LANE in white block letters, minimum 4 inches in height.
- f. The stencil must appear every 50 feet or less, depending on the configuration of the fire lane. If the fire lane is less than 50 feet the stencil must appear at the beginning and end of the fire lane.

Appendix 'E' "Hazard Categories" is adopted in its entirety.

Appendix 'F' "Hazard Ranking" is adopted in its entirety.

Appendix 'G' "Cryogenic Fluids – Weight and Volume Equivalents" is adopted in its entirety.

Appendix 'I' "Fire Protection Systems – Noncompliant Conditions" is adopted in its entirety.

Appendix 'K' "Construction Requirements for Existing Ambulatory Care Facilities" is adopted in its entirety.

Appendix 'N' "Indoor Trade Shows and Exhibitions" is adopted in its entirety.

<u>Section 4. Publication and Effective Date.</u> Within fifteen (15) days after passage, the City Clerk shall cause this ordinance to be posted in three publicly accessible locations in the City. This ordinance shall go into effect and be in full force and effect at 12:01 a.m. on January 1, 2023.

<u>Section 5.</u> Savings and Interpretation Clause. This ordinance shall not be interpreted in any manner to conflict with controlling provisions of state law, including, without limitation, the Government Code of the State of California. If any section, subsection or clause of this ordinance shall be deemed to be unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, the validity of the remaining sections, subsections and clauses shall not be affected thereby. If this ordinance, or any section, subsection or clause of this ordinance shall be deemed unconstitutional or invalid as applied to a particular appeal, the validity of this ordinance and its sections, subsections and clauses in regards to other contracts, shall not be affected.

INTRODUCED at a regular meeting of the City Council held this 8th day of November 2022, by the following vote:

MOTION: EUGENE COSTA JR. / LILIANA CARDENAS

AYES: 5 Councilmembers: Ramirez, Cardenas, Julian, Robles, Costa Jr.

NOES: 0
ABSENT: 0
ABSTAINED: 0

PASSED AND ADOPTED at a regular meeting of the City Council held this 22nd day of November 2022, by the following vote:

MOTION:

LILIANA CARDENAS / GILBERT ROBLES

AYES:

5

Councilmembers:

Ramirez, Cardenas, Julian, Robles, Costa Jr.

NOES:

ABSENT:

0

ABSTAINED: 0

ATTEST:

Amelia M. Villegas, City Clerk

APPROVED AS IS TO FORM:

Philip F. Sinco, City Attorney